



International Relations

**FROM THE COLD WAR TO
THE GLOBALIZED WORLD**

ANDREAS WENGER & DORON ZIMMERMANN

CONTENTS

<i>Preface</i>	xi
Introduction	1
1 International Systems in Historical Perspective	7
The French Universal Monarchy, the League of Augsburg, and the Anglo-French Rivalry, 1660–1774, 7	
The Age of Napoleonic Wars and the End of the Concert of Europe, 1798–1848, 8	
From the Rise of the Second German Reich to the Entanglement of Alliances, 1860–1914, 9	
The Interwar System, 1919–1939, 9	
The Alliance-Axis System, 1939–1945, 10	
Consequences of World War II for the International System, 11	
2 The Onset of the Cold War, 1945–1955	13
The Ossification Phase, 1945–1947, 13	
The Formation of Blocs, 1947–1949, 20	
The Globalization of the Cold War, 1949–1955, 27	
Decolonization in Asia, 1945–1955, 37	
IR Theory and Key Concepts, 47	
3 Confrontation and Fragmentation, 1955–1963	51
Fragmentation in the Blocs: Europe and the East, 53	
Fragmentation in the Blocs: Europe and the West, 59	
The Global Dimension of the Cold War: Taiwan, Suez, Guatemala, and Cuba, 71	
Competing Superpowers: Crisis and Stabilization, 1958–1963, 83	
IR Theory and Key Concepts, 95	

- 4 New Problems, (C)old War: Three Perspectives, 1963–1968 99
- Toward Integration: The First World in the West, 102
 - The Danger of Disintegration: The Second World in the East, 115
 - The Problem of Managing Alliances, 122
 - The Global South (the Third World), 124
 - IR Theory and Key Concepts, 151
- 5 The Rise and Fall of Détente, 1968–1979 155
- Subverting Bipolarity: The Impact of Structural Change on the International Political System, 157
 - The Euroatlantic, 164
 - Asia, 169
 - The Middle East, 176
 - Latin America, 180
 - The New Cold War International System, 184
 - IR Theory and Key Concepts, 188
- 6 The Second Cold War and the End of an Era, 1980–1991 195
- The Euroatlantic, 197
 - The Beginning of the End: The Soviet Union in Crisis, 200
 - The East European Revolutions and the Reunification of Germany, 206
 - Asia, 216
 - The Middle East, 227
 - IR Theory and Key Concepts, 235
- 7 New Developments in the Emerging International System, 1991–2002 237
- Emerging Trends, 238
 - The Age of Intrastate Conflict, 241
 - Russia and the Former Soviet Union, 258
 - The Euroatlantic, 270
 - Asia, 289
 - The Middle East, 299
 - The Global Perspective, 305
 - IR Theory and Key Concepts, 320
- 8 Current Affairs 325
- The Attacks of 11 September 2001 and the War on Terrorism in Afghanistan, 325
 - A New Era: Continuity and Change, 330
 - A Globalized World, 337

<i>Notes</i>	339
<i>Glossary</i>	343
<i>Selected Bibliography</i>	367
<i>Internet Resources</i>	381
<i>Index</i>	387
<i>About the Book</i>	405

PREFACE

THE CONCEPTS OF MANY EVENTS NOTWITHSTANDING, THE WORLD DID NOT undergo a fundamental change on 11 September 2001. Rather, the terrorist attacks on the World Trade Center and the Pentagon demonstrated just how complex international relations have become in the past decade. We have come a long way since World War II culminated in the de facto division of Europe in 1945. Since that time, we have indeed, moved through the Cold War and forward into the globalized world of the early twenty-first century.

This book explores the political history of international relations from the end of World War II to the present. Distinctive to our approach is the application of an expanded conception of security policy; as we understand it, security studies embraces aspects of international relations well beyond the purely military perspective, ranging from economic and political issues to social and cultural concerns.

We have sought to provide a balanced account that reflects the shift away from the classical bipolar perspective of the Cold War. We incorporate the view from the "other"—the Soviet—side of the Cold War as well as events in Asia, Africa, Latin America, and the Middle East, and our research has drawn on a broad, representative archival base. Issues concerning the third world are not confined to a single chapter, but pervade the work as a whole.

An assumption underlying our interpretation of more than fifty years of international relations is that events, ideas, and developments can be understood only within the context of their particular times. Thus, we have organized the text around several distinct epochs, identifying the specific characteristics and internal dynamics of each. In addition, we have integrated the history of political ideas within the narrative of each chapter and included brief, concise summaries of the key theories, concepts, and terms relevant to the discussion. (Key terms are also included in the comprehensive glossary, which begins on page 343.)