

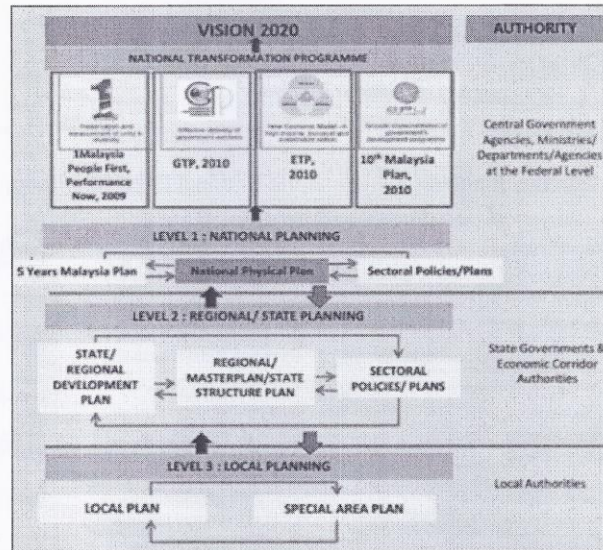
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development facilitation and control. Also, another form of local level plan named as Special Area Plan is required as it provides detailed planning of areas needing special treatment.

An Overview of Spatial Policy in Malaysia



Source: Federal Department of Town and Country Planning, Malaysia, 2013
"National Physical Plan 2"

Major Authorities Relating to Spatial Policy

Program name or administrative field	Organizations	Webpage
Tenth Malaysia Plan	Economic Planning Unit, Prime Minister's Department	http://www.epu.gov.my/home
National Physical Plan (Revised in 2010)	Federal Department of Town and Country Planning	http://www.townplan.gov.my/
Kuala Lumpur Structure Plan	Kuala Lumpur City Hall	http://www.dbkl.gov.my/index.php?lang=en

↳ Spatial Planning and Territorial Development Policy

Socioeconomic Planning Systems at the National Level

The formulation, coordination and decision making of economic and social development policies and programs in Malaysia are being directed by Vision 2020 and Malaysia Plan. Vision 2020 is a Malaysian's mission introduced by the former Prime Minister, Tun Dr. Mahathir Mohamad during the tabling of the Sixth Malaysia Plan in 1991. The vision outlines nine strategic challenges that Malaysia must overcome in order to achieve a self-sufficient industrialized and fully developed nation by the year of 2020. It also emphasizes on the environment and system's betterment of economic, social, political, governmental, cultural and spiritual values.

The Malaysia Plan is a five-year plan of comprehensive economic development blueprint where the Economic Planning Unit of the Prime Minister's Department is being entrusted with the task of preparing it. The current Tenth Malaysia Plan (2011 – 2015), is heading towards the end of its execution. Meanwhile, the Eleventh Malaysia Plan (2016 – 2020) is now at the preparation stage and scheduled to be tabled in Parliament in June 2015. It will focus on enhancing social inclusion, improving wellbeing, creating a sustainable development and identifying new sources of growth.

The Tenth Malaysia Plan which is at the critical phase in the nation's economic transformation towards Vision 2020 contains the aspirations of both the Government Transformation Programme and the New Economic Model. The new policy directions, strategies and programmes set the platform for a major structural transformation to achieve a high income and developed nation, premised on inclusiveness and sustainability. It upholds the principles of 1 Malaysia: People First, Performance Now.

The central themes of the Plan have been encapsulated into 10 Big Ideas namely:

- i. Internally driven, externally aware;
- ii. Leveraging on our diversity internationally;
- iii. Transforming to high-income through specialization;
- iv. Unleashing productivity-led growth and innovation;
- v. Nurturing, attracting and retaining top talent;
- vi. Ensuring equality of opportunities and safeguarding the vulnerable;